N. Katherine Hayles : *How We Became Posthuman* (Chapter Three) "Contesting for the Body of Information: The Macy Conferences on Cybernetics"

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I. Overview (50-51)

- A. Macy Conferences (1946-53) as "crossroads for the traffic in cybernetic models and artifacts" 1. humans and machines viewed as "brothers under the skin"
 - 2. three arguments for conflation of human & machines, and information as above materiality
 - a. information is a theoretical entity
 - b. human neural structures defined as flows of information
 - c. construction of artifacts that translate information flows into observable phenomena
 - 3. reification of artifacts & information flows triumphed: information is more important than matter or energy
- B. Conference: open discussion among numerous fields integrated various approaches to information technology
 - 1. metaphor tied information to its various specialized fields of application
 - a. metaphor & mechanism morphed into network "constellations"
 - b. "constellations" were seen as acting homeostatically
 - 2. chapter's focus
 - a. binding of reflexivity & subjectivity: the reflexive as non-science
 - b. reflexivity redefined as scientific by second wave of cybernetics
- II. The Meaning(lessness) of Information
 - A. information triumphs over energy in the man-machine relationship
 - 1. Von Neumann: of import is how much and how fast information could move through a system
 - 2. Wiener: energy transmutes into information
 - a. idea is message and message engenders human decisions
 - b. decisions produce information and power, not material goods
 - B. Wiener saw information as a choice of one from a range of messages, ex. code to bookie (53)
 - 1. binary code, probability theory gives formula for number of necessary choices (C) as equal to log squared times n
 - 2. information (I) is the log of number n of elements in the message set
 - 3. engineers are more interested in the average of information from a source than in specific events
 - C. information is stable only when divorced from meaning because each new context causes a shift in values of binary code
 - 1. engineers need to simplify information to enable it to flow among substrates
 - 2. reification of information as non-contextual becomes ideology that contradicts complexity of human thought a. Shannon "brackets semantics" (54) to keep information flow efficient
 - b. Shannon: info in mind as "subjective probabilities" (54) w/o regard to defining and calculating them
 - D. Donald MacKay's Solution
 - 1. "subjective" qualities of human mind/contexts as "selective information": selecting message elements from a set
 - 2. "structural information": message about how to interpret a message (metacommunication) which engenders semantics
 - 3. representations in human mind have a "double valence" (55)
 - a. they contain information about the world
 - b. they are interactive and point back to changes in the observer's mind
 - i. only another perceiver can determine and read these changes
 - ii. above is infinitely regressive and hence is reflexivity
 - 4. form and content are thus taken into account, enabling information and meaning to be connected
 - 5. quantifying MacKay's model was a problem engineers could not yet face
 - E. Standard Conceptualization of Information
 - 1. USA: Shannon-Wiener definition
 - 2. GB: MacKay's definition
 - F. 1968: Nicolas S. Tzannes attempts to make MacKay practical through Kotelly's context algebra
 - 1. recognizes that Shannon-Weiner's information is what is (homeostatsis) and MacKay's is what does (reflexivity)
 - 2. homeostasis basis of 1st wave information theory because manageable; reflexivity would dominate the second wave
 - G. McCulloch-Pitts neuron model fit information theory/binary code applications
 - 1. theory's binary nature as metaphor without tying it complexities of experience and psychology
 - 2. tension btw logic and embodiment complicated when cybernetics becomes integrated w/ human neural

functioning

- III. Neural Nets as Logical Operators
 - A. McCulloch-Pitts neuron theory
 - 1. neurons are either inhibitory or excitatory
 - 2. neurons fire only after a threshold has been met
 - 3. neurons work in nets
 - 4. McCulloch: neuron nets can signify logical propositions (A & B must fire for C to respond: A & B are true, C is true)
 - 5. Pitts: neural nets can calculate any number derived by a Turing machine
 - 6. Congruence between neuron nets and Turing machine: brains don't secrete thought, they calculate it
 - B. McCulloch and Complexity of Human Thought
 - 1. two types of neural firing
 - a. "signals": firing neurons triggered by external stimuli
 - b. "signs": firing neurons as reverberating loops w/o immediate temporal reference [history or memory]
 - C. McCulloch-Teuber Letters
 - 1. McCulloch's assumption that embodied reality comes from logical process
 - 2. Teuber: robots may ape men, but information triggers in each can operate differently
 - 3. Cybernetic mechanisms don't signify until they mimic human perception.
 - 4. Like Shannon, McCulloch ignored context to access universal form.
 - D. McCulloch Strives to Bind Information Model to Flesh
 - 1. abstractions are multilayered
 - a. what is is not what does
 - b. neither is nor does is necessarily corporeal
 - 2. Congruencies between neural paths and robotic circuits are coincidental:
 - a. neural tissue is medium
 - b. vacuum tubes or silicon chips are medium
 - c. There is a great difference between thought and binary code.
 - 3. McCulloch-Pitt neuron is a liminal object, abstract and actualized, showing cybernetic principles in action.
- IV. The Rat and the Homeostat: Looping between Concept and Artifact
 - A. John Stroud: Shannon's signal/noise distinction privileged stasis over change.
 - 1. exact replication of message may not be a desired result
 - 2. As McKay's theory implied, change may not be deviation and deviation may not require correction.
 - B. Shannon's theory: homeostasis is privileged; the goal is stable and mechanism should attain/maintain stability
 - C. Foerster, Mead, Teuber: study animal, not machine; machine is tool to help understand organism
 - D. Shannon's "lost" rat acting reflexively, caught in a repeating loop is falsely likened to neurosis
 - 1. such analogs are neutral heuristic devices, no more
 - 2. man/machine analogy transports assumptions between different arenas
 - E. W. Ross Ashby's Homeostat: searched for steady state when environmental conditions were changed
 - 1. Ashby's concern for effect of environment expressed post-WW II need for stable state in altered environment
 - 2. Ashby's machine built to search for functions inverse to those that altered its environment a. Macy participants can't see a solution to Ashby's homeostat's search or stasis in linear equations
 - b. statement of the problem, not search for solution was required
 - 3. Macy Conferences: search for limiting factors of building machines that could mimic human tasks.
 - F. Linguistic Solutions
 - 1. chunking
 - a. homeostasis attracts and employs instrumental language
 - b. reflexivity attracts and employs ambiguity, allusion, and metaphor
 - 2. Asby's homeostat and Shannon's information theory and electronic rat intersected in assumptions about language, teleology, and human responses.
 - G. The Man in the Middle
 - 1. Stroud states obvious: what kind of machine is man tied to radar on one side and machine gun on the other?
 - 2. Is man's relation to machine only the result of men studying other men?
 - 3. Is the man in the middle simply a black box or is he something reflexive?
 - 4. Fremont-Smith's concludes that man must be appreciated as a complex psychological being.

5. Kubie interprets arguments as resistance: is science objective or subjective when carried out by men?

- V. Kubie's Last Stand
 - A. Lawrence Kubie, neurophysiologist turned psychoanalyst
 - 1. had rejected neurosis as reverberating loops for neurosis as dominated by unconscious motivations
 - 2. Kubie resisted the reductive approaches of McCulloch

- B. Kubie's Positions
 - 1. 6th conference: neurosis is complex and subtle for description by mathematical or mechanistic models
 - 2. 7th conference: humans possess two symbolic functions, language and neurosis
 - a. Fremont-Smith: language is double coding for external and internal events
 b. conscious/unconscious split: statements about external world are pierced by reflections of speaker's internal state
- C. McCulloch Responds
 - 1. 1953 speech denounces Freud as opportunistically using subjectivism to build a career
 - 2. Psychoanalysis's close coupling made it spurious and unscientific.
 - 3. If science is subjective due to human frailties, it can go nowhere.
 - 4. Kubie: McCulloch's vitriol indicates his displaced frustrations
- D. McCulloch's speech instantiates Fremont-Smith's attempt to reconcile psychoanalysis and physical science
- E. New Reflexivity Evolves
 - 1. avoidance of associating reflexivity with the unconscious
 - 2. Temple Burling: consciousness is the mystery to be solved
 - a. create models that account for observer's role
 - b. locate observer in system and vice versa
- VI. Circling the Observer
 - A. contrasting tone: replies to Fremont-Smith's usefulness of conferences (affective) vs conference dialog (unemotional) 1. Acknowledging the scientist as observer was absent at the conferences.
 - 2. Heinz von Foerster recognized inclusion of the observers as central to cybernetics.
 - a. acknowledge subject-object relationship so science can proceed
 - b. cybernetics is framework provided in part by the Macy Conferences to unify sciences that explain man and the scientists who study man
 - B. Whence Reflexivity?
 - 1. reflexive conception of cybernetics did not emerge from May Conferences
 - 2. 1968: Bateson organized conference to explore reflexive nature of cybernetics in search of a new epistemology a. Bateson's daughter, Catherine's (anthropology of religion) report: Our Own Metaphor
 - b. The report gave fine objective detail with careful and ubiquitous attention to context.
 - c. Gregory Bateson's agenda, "three cybernetic or homeostatic systems":
 - i. individual
 - ii. society
 - 3. global ecosystem each are a part of
- C. Bateson: cness creates feedback across rest of mind so that there is systematic difference between conscious view of self and the world and the true self and true world
- VII. Janet Freud/Freed, transcriptionist: "unconscious", subjective mediator between signifiers and encoded information
- A. Printed words are not reality.
 - B. Context
 - 1. gives symbols meaningful import: twenty-five people at the right time and place
 - 2. where boundaries are "preamble, negotiable, and instantiated" (83), the post-WW II Macy Conferences